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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/360,575	07/26/1999	SCOTT A. VANSTONE	67539/00230	4374	
27871	7590 09/05/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BLAKE, CASSELS & GRAYDON LLP			HOFFMAN, BRANDON S		
BOX 25, COMMERCE COURT WEST 199 BAY STREET, SUITE 2800 TORONTO, ON M5L 1A9			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2136	<u> </u>	
CANADA			DATE MAILED: 09/05/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u></u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/360,575	VANSTONE, SCOTT A.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Brandon S. Hoffman	2136			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DONA IN THE MAILING THE MAILING THE MAILING DONA IN THE MAILING THE MAIL	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status _.						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ju	<u>une 2006</u> .				
2a) <u></u> □	his action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>9-19</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>9-19</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) Notice 3) Infor	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

Application/Control Number: 09/360,575 Page 2

Art Unit: 2136

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 9-19 are pending in this office action.

2. In view of the appeal brief filed on June 26, 2006, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new ground of rejection is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
- (2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

A Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) has approved of reopening prosecution by signing below:

Rejections

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. <u>Claims 9-14, 18, and 19</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,396,558) in view of <u>Smart Card</u> (definition of Smart card, accessed from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Smart_card on August 31, 2006).

Application/Control Number: 09/360,575

Art Unit: 2136

With respect to Claim 9, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> teaches a method of performing a transaction in a communication system between a first and a second participant wherein said second participant permits a service to be provided to said first participant in exchange for a payment (abstract), said method comprising the steps of:

- Upon initiation of said transaction by said first participant, said second participant sending a first message to said first participant, said first message including information pertaining to said second participant (col. 2, lines 40-42);
- Said first participant verifying said information pertaining to said second
 participant to obtain assurance that said service will be provided upon assuring
 said payment (col. 2, lines 43-47);
- Said first participant sending a second message to said second participant, said second message including information pertaining to said first participant (col. 2, lines 48-51); and
- Said second participant verifying said information pertaining to said first
 participant to obtain assurance that payment will be secured upon provision of
 said service (col. 2, lines 52-56);
- Upon verification of said information pertaining to said first participant, said second participant obtaining a digital signature for said first participant on said transaction using said second message (col. 3, lines 35-46).

Ishiguro et al. does not teach whereby said second participant may obtain payment from a third participant using said digital signature.

Smart Card teaches whereby said second participant may obtain payment from a third participant using said digital signature (page 1, History, third paragraph and page 2, History, second paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Smart Card within the system of Ishiguro et al because a combination of the verification benefits (from a smart card), with the external accounts (from credit/debit cards) allows a user to supply verification information and provide payment from an external account (see page 1, History, third paragraph of Smart Card).

With respect to Claim 10, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of wherein said first participant is a holder of a card which performs cryptographic operations (see col. 2, lines 16-25 of Ishiguro et al.). The cryptographic operations are disclosed on col. 2, lines 26-61.

With respect to Claim 11, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of wherein said second participant is a terminal (see col. 2, lines 43-47 of Ishiguro et al.).

With respect to Claim 12, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of wherein said third participant is a financial institution (see page 2, second paragraph of Smart Card).

With respect to Claim 13, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of said information pertaining to said second participant included in said first message includes details and credentials of said second participant (see col. 2, lines 48-51 of Ishiguro et al.); and said first participant verifies said details and said credentials (see col. 2, lines 52-56 of Ishiguro et al.).

With respect to Claim 14, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of said information pertaining to said first participant included in said second message includes details and credentials of said first participant (see col. 2, lines 40-42 of Ishiguro et al.); and said second participant verifies said details and said credentials (see col. 2, lines 43-47 of Ishiguro et al.).

With respect to Claim 18, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of wherein said credentials include a public key certificate (see col. 2, lines 52-56 of Ishiguro et al.). The presence of a public key and terminal identification number being used to verify validity of a digital signature requires the presence of a public key certificate.

With respect to Claim 19, <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card</u> teaches the limitation of wherein said challenge is a nonce (see fig. 10 and col. 16, lines 1-6 of Ishiguro et al.). A time stamp is used as a time variant parameter to prevent against replay attacks.

<u>Claims 15-17</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> (USPN '558) in view of <u>Smart Card</u> (definition of Smart card, accessed from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Smart_card on August 31, 2006) in further view of <u>Chaum</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,276,736).

With respect to Claim 15, all the limitation above are met by the combination of Ishiguro et al. in view of Smart Card except the limitation disclosed below.

Chaum meets the limitation of said second participant generating a response to said challenge (col. 3, lines 57-60); and said second participant sending a third message including said response to said first participant (col. 3, lines 57-60); and said first participant verifying said response (col. 3, lines 52-55 and 57-62); and said first participant sending a fourth message to said second participant such that said digital signature is provided by said second message and said fourth message (col. 4, lines 20-27, 57-60). The message being signed reflects a digital signature being appended to the message being sent.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Chaum within the combination of Ishiguro et al and Smart Card because verification of the challenge prevents an outside attacker from using a replay attack to gain access to the system. The challenge is unique and once verified, provides a greater guarantee that the transaction is in fact legitimate.

With respect to Claim 16, the combination of <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart</u>

<u>Card/Chaum</u> teach said second participant verifying information in said fourth message (see col. 4, lines 20-27 of Chaum); and said second participant completing said transaction by providing said service (see col. 4, lines 44-47 and 57-60 of Chaum); and said second participant sending said third participant a subset of said first, second, third and fourth messages to obtain said payment (see col. 4, lines 35-45 of Chaum).

With respect to Claim 17, the combination of <u>Ishiguro et al.</u> in view of <u>Smart Card/Chaum</u> teach said third participant verifying said subset (see col. 4, lines 37-43 of Chaum); and said third participant providing said payment to said second participant (see col. 4, lines 44-47 of Chaum).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brandon S. Hoffman whose telephone number is 571-272-3863. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 - 5:00.

Application/Control Number: 09/360,575

Art Unit: 2136

273-8300.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser G. Moazzami can be reached on 571-272-4195. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

Page 8

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ВH

Brack Up

NASSER MOAZZAMI RRIMARY EXAMINER

8/31/06